

Thank you for your interest in the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (the "LPFA"). The LPFA is a public trust and public corporation operating solely on self-generated revenues. The LPFA complies with state laws regarding public records, public contracts, open meetings, public bids, the Bond Validation Procedures Law and the State Code of Ethics. Annual independent financial audits of the LPFA are performed by independent auditors selected by the State Legislative Auditor and submitted to the State Legislative Auditor. The annual operating budget of the LPFA is subject to review and approval by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. The LPFA's Board of Trustees must review and approve all bonds issued by the LPFA in an open public meeting. Further, each LPFA bond issue must be reviewed and approved by the State Bond Commission. All bond-issuance fees in connection with LPFA bond issues are subject to the review and approval of the State Bond Commission or the Louisiana Attorney General.

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LOUISIANA PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY REPORT ON AUDIT OF THE COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011 BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

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June 12, 2012

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Louisiana Public Facilities Authority Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business type activity and each of the component units of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (A Public Trust), a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of management of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business type activity and each of the component units of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority, as of December 31, 2011, and changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 3 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis J. Bourgeois, LAP

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

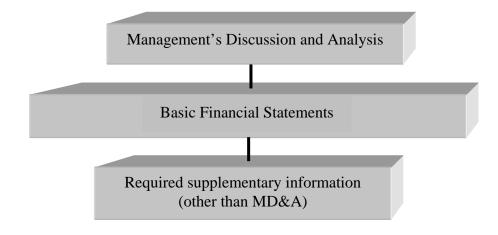
The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority's activities and financial performance provides the reader with an introduction and overview to the financial statements of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (Authority) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the information contained in the financial statements that follow this section.

Following this MD&A are the basic financial statements of the Authority together with the notes thereto which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, these financial statements also present certain required supplementary information about the Authority.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority's total assets increased by \$1,398,681 or approximately 5.14%. Likewise, total net assets increased by \$1,367,137 or approximately 5.09%.
- Total cash and investments at December 31, 2011 represent approximately 80.54% of the Authority's total assets.
- Operating revenues increased over the prior year primarily because of an increase in the amount of bonds issued and increased program administrative fees.
- Operating expenses were approximately the same as the prior year.
- Non-operating revenues increased slightly from the prior year due to unrealized gains in value on the Authority's investments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



The preceding graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for Special Purpose Governments Engaged in Business-Type Activities established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments</u>.

These financial statements consist of three sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis; the basic financial statements; and the required supplementary information. The basic financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The Authority's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Authority is structured as a single enterprise fund with revenues recognized when earned, not when received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Capital assets are capitalized and (except land) are depreciated over their useful lives. See the notes to the financial statements for a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies.

The financial statements of the Authority report information about the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities. The Balance Sheet includes all of the Authority's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Authority creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the Authority, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority was profitable and its credit worthiness. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method, and includes the reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities (indirect method) as required by GASB 34.

The following is a condensed Balance Sheet at December 31, 2010 and 2011:

	2010		2011
Current and Other Noncurrent Assets	\$ 27,178,734	\$	28,575,358
Net Capital Assets	 55,542	_	57,599
Total Assets	\$ 27,234,276	\$	28,632,957
			_
Current Liabilities	\$ 381,751	\$_	413,295
Total Liabilities	\$ 381,751	\$	413,295
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	\$ 55,542	\$	57,599
Unrestricted	 26,796,983	_	28,162,063
Total Net Assets	\$ 26,852,525	\$	28,219,662

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is "Is the Authority as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Balance Sheet, and the Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets report information about the Authority's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net assets of the Authority and changes in them. You can think of the Authority's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities-as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions and new or changed government legislation, both state and federal.

The following is a condensed statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and 2011:

	2010	2011
Operating revenues \$	2,089,991	\$ 2,821,563
Operating expenses	(2,322,088)	(2,276,452)
Operating income (loss)	(232,097)	545,111
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	803,196	822,026
Net increase in net assets \$	571,099	\$ 1,367,137

As detailed in the above summary, the Authority's net assets increased by \$1,367,137 in fiscal year 2011. This continues the Authority's history of having net income every year since 1994, the first full year after the formation by the Board of Trustees of the Development Committee.

One of the highest priorities of the Board of Trustees and management of the Authority is the preservation of the Authority's assets. Another priority is utilizing these assets for the betterment of the citizens of Louisiana while at the same time preserving the assets for future use by the Authority. With this in mind, the Authority has developed programs where it makes direct loans, primarily to small local governments, at a zero percent interest rate to help buy down the cost of financing for the borrower. Under this philosophy, the Authority restricts the amount of grants it makes and instead focuses on loans where the capital is returned to the Authority in a reasonable amount of time.

There was a large increase in operating revenues from fiscal year 2010. The increase in operating revenues resulted primarily from a \$42,877 increase in Financing Acceptance Fees and a \$688,189 increase in Program Administrative Fees.

There was a slight decrease in Operating Expenses due to our continuing cost cutting measures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

As of December 31, 2011, the Authority had \$591,961 invested in capital assets consisting mainly of office furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase of \$22,445 over last year.

Debt:

The Authority had no outstanding debt as of December 31, 2011.

VARIATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL AND FINAL BUDGET

The Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget approves the annual operating budget of the Authority.

The following is a summary of the budget adopted by the Authority's Board of Trustees and approved by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2011, compared to the actual operating results for said fiscal year.

	_	Budget	_	Actual		Difference
Operating revenues	\$	2,370,000	\$	2,821,563	\$	451,563
Operating expenses	_	(2,645,610)	_	(2,276,452)	_	369,158
Operating Income or (Loss)		(275,610)		545,111		820,721
Non-operating revenues	_	500,000	_	822,026	_	322,026
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	\$_	224,390	\$_	1,367,137	\$	1,142,747

The 2011 budget also authorizes the purchase of \$29,400 in capital assets for the Authority. The cost of these capital assets will be capitalized and written off over the estimated useful life of the assets through depreciation expenses.

Operating Revenues were more than the budgeted amount primarily due to the amounts collected for Program Administrative Fee.

Operating Expenses were less than expected because of staff vacancies at the Authority and general cost saving measures used by the Authority.

Non-operating revenues were above the amount budgeted due to unrealized gains in value on the Authority's investments. The Authority does not budget for gains or losses on the value of investments due to the uncertain nature of market conditions that determine such gains or losses.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Authority submits a budget at the beginning of each year for approval by the Authority's Board of Trustees and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. The following is a summary of the budget adopted by the Authority's Board of Trustees and approved by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2012.

Operating revenues	\$	2,370,000
Operating expenses	_	(2,645,610)
Operating Loss		(275,610)
Non-operating revenues	<u>-</u>	500,000
Net increase in net assets	\$	224,390

The 2012 budget also authorizes the purchase of \$29,400 in capital assets for the Authority. The cost of these capital assets will be capitalized and written off over the estimated useful life of the assets through depreciation expenses.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of Louisiana with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Authority at 2237 South Acadian Thruway, Suite 650, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808, or visit the Authority's web site at www.lpfa.com.

BALANCE SHEET

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS

		Primary Government		Component Units	Total Reporting Entity
Current Assets:	-	_	_	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,857,380	\$	6,426,202	\$ 12,283,582
Interest Bearing Deposits		1,089,292		-	1,089,292
Receivables:					
Advance Costs-Projects		8,710		-	8,710
Program Administrative Fees		161,259		-	161,259
Financing Application Fees		1,500		-	1,500
Annual Issuer Fees		29,900		-	29,900
Accrued Interest and Dividend Receivable		159,787		1,424	161,211
Local Government Bond Bank		600,000		-	600,000
Rural Development Loan Program		1,169,000		-	1,169,000
Loans to Nonprofit Organizations		300,000		-	300,000
Mortgage Loans Receivable		-		40,997	40,997
		9,376,828		6,468,623	15,845,451
Prepaid Expenses		10,218		-	10,218
Total Current Assets	•	9,387,046	_	6,468,623	15,855,669
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Office Furniture and Equipment		582,084		-	582,084
Leasehold Improvements		9,877	_		9,877
		591,961		-	591,961
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(534,362)	_	-	(534,362)
Net Capital Assets		57,599		-	57,599
Other Assets:					
Interest Bearing Deposits - Long-Term		7,348,002		1,506,733	8,854,735
Investment Securities - Long-Term		8,765,326		-	8,765,326
Receivables - Long-Term:					
Local Government Bond Bank		696,000		-	696,000
Loans to Nonprofit Organizations		1,387,984		-	1,387,984
Rural Development Loan Program		991,000		-	991,000
Mortgage Loans Receivable - Long Term		-		2,064,235	2,064,235
Student Loans Receivable		-		1,066,619	1,066,619
Student Loans Accrued Interest		-	_	109,043	109,043
Total Other Assets		19,188,312	_	4,746,630	23,934,942
Total Noncurrent Assets		19,245,911	_	4,746,630	23,992,541
Total Assets	\$	28,632,957	\$	11,215,253	\$ 39,848,210

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	Primary Government	Component Units	Total Reporting Entity
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	413,295 \$	2,899	\$ 416,194
Mortgage Loans Payable		40,997	40,997
Total Current Liabilities	413,295	43,896	457,191
To the Third Table 1997 and			
Long-Term Liabilities: Mortgage Loans Payable		2,064,235	2,064,235
Total Long-Term Liabilities		2,064,235	2,064,235
Total Liabilities	413,295	2,108,131	2,521,426
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	57,599	- 0.107.100	57,599
Unrestricted	28,162,063	9,107,122	37,269,185
Total Net Assets	28,219,662	9,107,122	37,326,784
Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$	28,632,957 \$	8 11,215,253	\$ 39,848,210

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

		Primary Government		Component Units		Total Reporting Entity
Operating Revenues:	-	Government		Omes	-	Littity
Project and Program Administrative Fees:						
Finance Acceptance Fees	\$	422,765	\$	- 5	\$	422,765
Multi-Family Annual Issuer Fees	_	68,281	-	_	_	68,281
Program Administrative Fees		2,324,288		_		2,324,288
Financing Application Fees		5,500		_		5,500
Other Income		729		52,168		52,897
Interest		-		198,083	_	198,083
Total Operating Revenues		2,821,563		250,251		3,071,814
Operating Expenses:						
Administrative Services		74,797		-		74,797
Bad Debt		-		34,721		34,721
Business Promotion and Economic Development		101,814		-		101,814
Depreciation		20,388		-		20,388
Employees' Salaries and Benefits		1,236,530		-		1,236,530
Grant Expense		280,000		-		280,000
Insurance		28,198		-		28,198
Interest - Mortgage Loans		-		169,704		169,704
Legal and Accounting Services		62,551		990		63,541
Office Expense		109,677		-		109,677
Other		16,567		48,075		64,642
Printing, Publications, Dues and Subscriptions		81,974		-		81,974
Rent		188,206		-		188,206
Repairs on Mortgaged Properties Prior to Sale		-		22,124		22,124
Travel		62,350		-		62,350
Trustee Per Diems	_	13,400			_	13,400
Total Operating Expenses	_	2,276,452		275,614	_	2,552,066
Operating Income (Loss)		545,111		(25,363)		519,748
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest Income, Net		599,323		2,106		601,429
Realized and Unrealized Gains and (Losses) on Investments		222,703		(7,083)		215,620
Total Non-Operating Revenues		822,026	- •	(4,977)	_	817,049
Change in Net Assets	_	1,367,137		(30,340)	-	1,336,797
Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year						
As Restated	_	26,852,525		9,137,462	. <u>-</u>	35,989,987
Total Net Assets - End of Year	\$_	28,219,662	\$	9,107,122	\$	37,326,784

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	_	Primary Government	Component Units	_	Total Reporting Entity
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from (Paid to) Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and	\$	4,053,022 \$	(818,894)	\$	3,234,128
Services Cash Payments to Employees for Services Other Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	(506,489) (1,236,530) (481,606)	(215,832) - 29,999	_	(722,321) (1,236,530) (451,607)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		1,828,397	(1,004,727)		823,670
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: Principal Collections on Mortgage Loans Principal Repayment on Mortgage Loans Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	-	- - -	1,091,625 (1,091,625)	_	1,091,625 (1,091,625)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Purchase of Property and Equipment	-	(22,445)		_	(22,445)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(22,445)	-		(22,445)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Purchase of Interest Bearing Deposits and Investment Securities Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Interest Bearing Deposits and Investment		(6,330,652)	(1,513,848)		(7,844,500)
Securities Gain on Sale of Investments Interest on Investments, Interest Bearing Deposits		5,925,940 10,997	- -		5,925,940 10,997
and Cash Equivalents	_	599,323	682	_	600,005
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	_	205,608	(1,513,166)	_	(1,307,558)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,011,560	(2,517,893)		(506,333)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year As Restated	_	3,845,820	8,944,095		12,789,915
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	5,857,380 \$	6,426,202	\$ =	12,283,582

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

	Primary Government	Component Units	Total Reporting Entity
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to			
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating			
Activities:			
1 6	545,111	\$ (25,363)	\$ 519,748
Adjustments to Reconcile Income (Loss) from Operations			
to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	20,388	-	20,388
Bad Debt	-	34,721	34,721
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	1,231,459	(1,016,977)	214,482
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(105)	-	(105)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	31,544	2,892	34,436
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)			
Operating Activities	1,828,397	\$ (1,004,727)	\$ 823,670
Schedule of Noncash Financial and Investing			
Activities:			
Amortization of Discounts on Receivables Based			
on Imputed Interest Rate of 2.980%; Netted			
	174,433	\$	\$ 174,433
Unrealized Gains and (Losses) on Investments	211,706	\$ (7,083)	\$ 204,623

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS

ALL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS

		Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation	_	Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation	_	LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation	_	LPFA SuperTop Loan Program	Totals
Current Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	10,269	\$	13,480 \$	\$	126,103	\$	6,276,350 \$	6,426,202
Accrued Interest and Dividend Receivable Mortgage Loans Receivable		-		-		- 40,997		1,424	1,424 40,997
Total Current Assets		10,269	-	13,480		167,100		6,277,774	6,468,623
Noncurrent Assets:									
Interest Bearing Deposits - Long-Term Receivables - Long Term		-		-		-		1,506,733	1,506,733
Mortgage Loans Receivable		-		-		2,064,235		-	2,064,235
Student Loans Receivable		-		-		-		1,066,619	1,066,619
Student Loans Accrued Interest			_		_	-	_	109,043	109,043
Total Noncurrent Assets			_		_	2,064,235	_	2,682,395	4,746,630
Total Assets	\$	10,269	\$	13,480 \$	§ _	2,231,335	\$_	8,960,169 \$	11,215,253
	LL	ABILITIES AN	NI	O NET ASSET	<u>rs</u>				
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	- :	\$	- \$	\$		\$	2,899 \$	2,899
Mortgage Loans Payable			_		_	40,997	_		40,997
Total Current Liabilities		-		-		40,997		2,899	43,896
Long-Term Liabilities:									
Mortgage Loans Payable			_		_	2,064,235	_		2,064,235
Total Long-Term Liabilities			_		_	2,064,235	_		2,064,235
Total Liabilities		-		-		2,105,232		2,899	2,108,131
Net Assets:									
Unrestricted		10,269	_	13,480	_	126,103	_	8,957,270	9,107,122
Total Net Assets		10,269		13,480	_	126,103	_	8,957,270	9,107,122
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	10,269	\$	13,480 \$	\$	2,231,335	\$	8,960,169 \$	11,215,253

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

ALL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

	_	Capital Equipme Funding Finance		Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation	LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation		-	LPFA SuperTop Loan Program	Totals
Operating Revenues:									
Interest:									
Student Loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,379 \$	28,379
Mortgage Loans		-		-		169,704		-	169,704
Other Income	_			-	į.	7,823	_	44,345	52,168
Total Operating Revenues		-		-		177,527		72,724	250,251
Operating Expenses:									
Bad Debt		-		-		-		34,721	34,721
Interest - Mortgage Loans		-		-		169,704		-	169,704
Legal and Accounting Services		495		495		-		-	990
Other		17		21		30,596		17,441	48,075
Repairs on Mortgaged Properties Prior to Sale	_	-		-	<u>,</u>	22,124	-		22,124
Total Operating Expenses	_	512		516		222,424	-	52,162	275,614
Operating Income (Loss)		(512)		(516)		(44,897)		20,562	(25,363)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):									
Interest Income, Net		-		-		-		2,106	2,106
Realized and Unrealized Gains and (Losses) on Investments	_			-			-	(7,083)	(7,083)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	-		-			_	(4,977)	(4,977)
Change in Net Assets		(512)		(516)		(44,897)		15,585	(30,340)
Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year As Restated		10,781		13,996		171,000		8,941,685	9,137,462
115 ROSHIU	-	10,701	•	13,770		171,000	-	0,771,003	7,137,702
Total Net Assets - End of Year	\$_	10,269	\$	13,480	\$	126,103	\$	8,957,270 \$	9,107,122

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

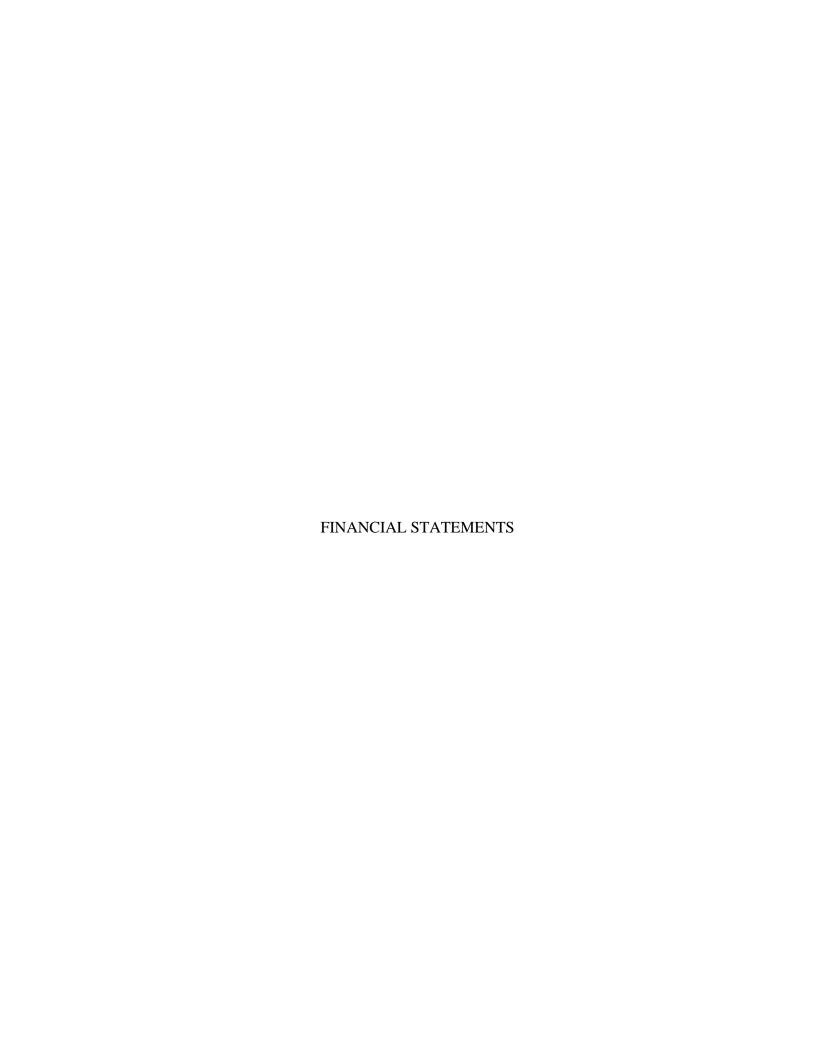
ALL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

	Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation	Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation	LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation	LPFA SuperTop Loan Program	Totals	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from (Paid to) Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and	\$ - \$	- \$	169,704	\$ (988,598) \$	(818,894)	
Services Other Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(495) (17)	(495) (21)	(200,300) (14,308)	(14,542) 44,345	(215,832) 29,999	
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(512)	(516)	(44,904)	(958,795)	(1,004,727)	
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: Principal Collections on Mortgage Loans	-	-	1,091,625	-	1,091,625	
Principal Repayment on Mortgage Loans	- .		(1,091,625)		(1,091,625)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-Capital Financing Activities	<u>-</u> .	_				
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Purchase of Interest Bearing Deposits Interest on Investments, Interest Bearing	-	-	-	(1,513,848)	(1,513,848)	
Deposits and Cash Equivalents	-	-		682	682	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	<u>-</u> .	-		(1,513,166)	(1,513,166)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(512)	(516)	(44,904)	(2,471,961)	(2,517,893)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year - As Restated	10,781	13,996	171,007	8,748,311	8,944,095	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 10,269 \$	13,480 \$	126,103	\$6,276,350_\$	6,426,202	

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

ALL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

		Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation	Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation	LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation	LPFA SuperTop Loan Program	Totals
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to	_					
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating						
Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(512) \$	(516) \$	(44,897) \$	20,562 \$	(25,363)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income						
(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in)						
Operating Activities:						
Bad Debts		-	-	-	34,721	34,721
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					(4.04.6.055)	(1.01.6.055)
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		-	-	-	(1,016,977)	(1,016,977)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	_			(7)	2,899	2,892
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)						
Operating Activities	\$_	(512) \$	(516) \$	(44,904) \$	(958,795) \$	(1,004,727)
Schedule of Noncash Financial and Investing Activities:						
Unrealized Gains and (Losses) on Investments	\$_	\$	\$	\$	(7,083) \$	(7,083)



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2011

Note 1 - General Information and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

The Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (the Authority), a public trust, was created on August 21, 1974 by the Public Facilities Corporation, a Louisiana corporation, as settler under an Indenture of Trust in accordance with the provisions of the Louisiana Public Trust Act R.S. 9:2341 et seq. The Authority operates under a Board of Trustees.

The purposes of the Authority are to promote, encourage and further the accomplishment of all activities which are or may become of benefit to the State of Louisiana and which have a public purpose. To accomplish these purposes, the Authority issues bonds that provide the proceeds for the furtherance and accomplishment of various public purposes. The issuance of such obligations has been accounted for through trustee accounts maintained with various banks appointed as trustees. The obligations are limited and special obligations of the Authority and, as such, the Authority does not normally have any claims to assets or liabilities relating to the Bond issues. Accordingly, such transactions are not included in the accompanying financial statements until such time as an asset or liability has been determined to exist relating to residual amounts. Total bond principal outstanding at December 31, 2011, for Programs and Projects was approximately \$805,078,000 and \$6,135,438,000 respectively.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. Scope of Reporting Entity

For reporting purposes, the State of Louisiana is the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (state), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Louisiana Public Facilities Authority is considered a component unit of the State of Louisiana because the state has financial accountability over the Authority in that the Louisiana Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget has the authority to approve and amend the Authority's budget and the governor appoints all the Board of Trustees and can impose his/her will on the Authority. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority and do not present information on the state, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

In addition, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Authority for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the Authority to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Authority.
- 2. Organizations for which the Authority does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Authority.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the Authority's management has included the following discretely presented component units in the financial reporting entity:

- The Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation (LCFC) is a nonprofit Louisiana Corporation that was organized to promote, support, aid and assist the Authority's Local Government Capital Funding Program. The LCFC has a December 31, 2011 year-end.
- The Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation (LEFC) is a nonprofit Louisiana Corporation that was organized to promote, support, aid and assist with the Authority's programs. The LEFC has a January 31, 2012 fiscal year end.
- The Louisiana Municipal Assistance Corporation (LMAC) is a nonprofit Louisiana Corporation that was organized to provide assistance to local governments with the Authority's programs. At December 31, 2011, the LMAC had no assets or liabilities.
- In March 2003, the Authority created the LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation (LHAC) for the purpose of assisting persons of low to moderate income with the purchase of homes through a lease-purchase program. LHAC has a December 31, 2011 year end. The Authority issued its LPFA Variable Rate Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, to fund this lease-purchase program. Under the program, a participant (the Participant) works with the independent program administrators and a financial institution to become qualified to participate in the program. Once the participant has been approved by a financial institution, the Participant then identifies a house for purchase. LHAC then purchases the house identified by the Participant and leases the house to the Participant. LHAC pays the purchase price of the house by signing a mortgage (the Mortgage) in an amount equal to approximately 97% of the purchase price negotiated by the seller and the Participant. The remaining approximately 3% of the purchase price is paid from the proceeds of the Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds as part of the down payment and closing costs assistance provided to the Participant by the program. The lease terms are 39 months and the Participant assumes the Mortgage at the expiration of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

lease. The approximately 3% of the purchase price paid from the proceeds of the Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds is treated as a grant from the Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds to LHAC and then a grant by LHAC to the Participant. The mortgage loan receivable and related payments are recorded on the balance sheet of the component unit financial statement. In effect, LHAC is merely a conduit in assisting individuals purchase their personal residences and therefore mortgage loans receivable will equal mortgage loans payable. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the LHAC generated a net loss as a result of the cost of repairs and maintenance on properties held being more than the net gains from selling homes at fair market value where the participant decided to not continue in the program or converted the financing from a lease to a mortgage loan and the program receiving more lease payments during the year than mortgage payments due that represent repayments or grants originally awarded.

On June 10, 1993, the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority created the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority Trust Origination Program (the Super Top Trust) as part of the Authority's Student Loan Program (the Program). The Super Top Trust and trust agreement were amended on January 1, 1995, amended and restated on December 1, 1997, and amended again on April 20, 2011. The December 1, 1997 restatement included a name change to the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority Super Trust Origination Program. The Super Top Trust was created to serve as a loan origination mechanism for the Program under a 1992 Master Trust and a 1999 Master Trust, with the principal and income in the Program pledged to the bonds issued under those Master Trusts. Upon termination of the Super Top Trust, the assets and net income, if any, are to be distributed to the Authority. In April 2011, the Program was refinanced with a new, separate Taxable Backed Bonds Trust, Series 2011A (the 2011A Program) that no longer required the same Program principal and income guaranty. As a result, after the refinancing of the Program, the residual funds remaining were to remain in the Super Top Trust. In addition, the 2011A Program would not allow student loans that were in default and/or uninsured, to be part of the Series 2011A Program. Thus, such loans were transferred from the Program into the Super Top Trust. Additionally, the Series 2011A Program prohibited the repurchase of any Program loans which defaulted prior to the refinancing date, April 20, 2011. The federal Department of Education identifies these loans as "mandatory repurchases" and lenders are required to repurchase such loans. Thus, funds in the Super Top Trust are used for such mandatory repurchases related to the Program. The Authority's Board authorized the development of a private loan program to originate loans with the funds held in the Super Top Trust. On April 20, 2011, the Super Top Trust had a balance of \$8,941,685 which is when the Trust became a component unit of the LPFA.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus - On January 1, 2001, the Authority adopted the provisions of Statement No. 34 ("Statement 34") of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

Statement 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities which includes a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues and expenses and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows.

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting - The Authority uses the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred or economic assets used.

Under the provisions of GASB Statement 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Fund Accounting," the Authority follows pronouncements of the GASB and has elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The LCFC, LEFC, LHAC, and the Super Top Trust are required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets as applicable. As of December 31, 2011, there were no temporary or permanently restricted net assets.

The financial statements of the LCFC, LEFC, LHAC, and the Super Top Trust have been prepared on the accrual basis in which revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Authority uses the following budgetary practices:

The Authority prepared its annual operating budget based on what was expected to be collected during the fiscal year. Management presents the budget to the Board of Trustees for approval prior to the budget being submitted to the Louisiana Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. In addition, certain expenses were approved as necessary by the Board of Trustees before payment. Any budget amendments necessary during the year must be approved by the Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget.

The Authority is not required to present a budget comparison in its financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

<u>Cash, Interest Bearing Deposits, and Investments</u> - Cash includes demand deposits and money market deposits in trust accounts. Interest bearing deposits include certificates of deposits. Investments and Interest Bearing Deposits are reported at fair value or at book value if fair value is not readily determinable as determined by the Authority's management. Fair value generally is considered to be the amount which the Authority might reasonably expect to receive for its investments if negotiations for sale were entered into on the valuation date. Valuation as of any particular date, however, is not necessarily indicative of the amount which the Authority ultimately may realize as a result of a future sale or other disposition of the investments.

In preparing the financial statements, the Authority's management is required to make significant judgments that affect the reported amounts of certain investments as of the date of the balance sheet and the change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the period. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, these estimated values may differ significantly from the value that would have been used had a ready market for these investments existed and these differences could be material.

The process of valuing certain investments requires significant judgments that are particularly susceptible to change. The Authority's management believes that investment values are appropriate. While the Authority's management uses available information to recognize declines in investment values, future adjustments may be necessary based on changes in economic conditions or changes in the results of the operations of investee company. Fluctuations in the fair value of Investments and Interest Bearing Deposits are recorded as realized and unrealized gains (losses) in the statement of revenues and expenses and changes in net assets.

The Authority has one equity investment in Louisiana Fund I, L.P. which is reported at fair value. Subsequent adjustments to values will reflect meaningful third-party transactions in the private market or at fair market value reflecting, in any event, the investment's marketability, the business and prospects of the issuer of the investment and other relevant factors.

<u>Receivables</u> - Receivables are stated at their face value less the allowances for doubtful accounts. These allowances are based on the Authority's periodic evaluation of the receivable portfolio and the Authority's past loss experience. The allowances for doubtful accounts are adjusted by charges to income and decreased by charge-offs (net of recoveries).

The Authority from time to time advances funds to certain bond programs and loans funds to local governmental entities and nonprofit organizations at no interest. Accordingly, a discount is recorded between the present values of the total eventual repayments of the notes, using a rate of interest similar to the rate of return that the Authority receives on its investments. The discounts are amortized over the estimated periods that such funds will be repaid and are included in interest income, net in the financial statements. The majority of the receivables consist of the loans to local government entities and nonprofit organizations at no interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Depreciation of all capital assets used by the Authority is charged as an expense against its operations. Depreciation has been provided over the assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Office Furniture and Equipment 3 - 7 Years Leasehold Improvements 10 Years

All fixed assets are stated at historical costs.

Equity Classifications - Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in two components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt This component of net assets consist of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds.
- Unrestricted net assets This component of net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

E. Operating Revenues

<u>Program Investment Earnings</u> - Program Investment Earnings consist primarily of residual funds of retired program bond issues. Residual proceeds represent cash and investment balances of a program bond issue that remain after the extinguishment of all obligations, including applicable arbitrage rebate to the federal government. The residuals are due to the Authority unless the issue's Indenture of Trust identifies another recipient. The residual funds are recognized as income to the Authority upon the termination of the issue's Indenture of Trust.

Project and Program Administrative Fees:

<u>Finance Acceptance Fee</u> - The Authority requires a financing acceptance fee usually equal to one-twentieth of one percent of the face amount of issued bonds less the financing application fee. The financing acceptance fee covers general administration expenses incurred by the Authority. This fee is due upon the closing of a bond issue and is recorded as revenue at such time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

<u>Multi-Family Annual Issuer Fees</u> - The Authority assesses an annual issuer fee on all multi-family bond issues. The fee is based upon a percentage of the outstanding bond principal balance as of January 1 of each year. The percentage usually is either one-twentieth of one percent for pre-1985 issues or one-tenth of one percent for issues thereafter. The fee covers general administration expenses incurred by the Authority.

<u>Program Administrative Fees</u> - The Authority acts as both the issuer and administrator for certain student loan bond programs. The Authority is compensated as administrator through a fee based upon a percentage of the outstanding loans or assets of the program. The fee is assessed to cover program administrative costs incurred by the Authority.

The program administrative fees assessed through March 2011 were based on up to 0.50% per annum of the outstanding student loan principal balance paid on a monthly basis to the Authority or the maximum allowed by the bond indenture. As a result of the Student Loan Bond Programs being refinanced in April 2011, the Series 2011A Program assesses a total to be paid for both Servicing and Program administrative fees (the total), equal to 0.75% per annum of the outstanding Pool Balance (loan principal plus expected interest to be capitalized) paid on a monthly basis. Thus, the monthly Program Administrative fee received by the Authority is equal to the difference of the monthly total fee and the monthly servicing fees. The 0.75% per annum allows for a portion of this percentage representing the Servicing Fees to be adjusted each January 1 to factor in inflation, not to exceed 3% per annum.

<u>Financing Application Fee</u> - The Authority assesses a non-refundable financing application fee of \$500 on all project-financing applications formally submitted for consideration by the Authority's Board of Trustees.

F. Income Taxes

No provision is made for income taxes because, as a public trust whose beneficiary is the State of Louisiana, the Authority is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

G. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

H. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments -

The Authority maintains cash, certificates of deposit and investment pools available for use by the Authority.

As of December 31, 2011, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
	Amortized	Fair	Less			More				
Investment Type	Cost	Value	Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	<u>Than 10</u>				
U.S. Agencies	\$ 7,517,524	\$7,899,848	\$ -	\$2,104,608	\$2,885,044	\$2,910,196				
Municipal Governmen	nt									
Bonds	257,000	261,886	-	147,756	114,130	-				
Time Certificates										
of Deposit	8,229,418	8,437,294	1,089,292	<u>6,596,870</u>	751,132					
	16,003,942	16,599,028	\$1,089,292	\$8,849,234	\$3,750,306	\$2,910,196				
Equity Investment in										
Limited Partnership	799,170	603,592								
Total	\$16,803,112	\$17,202,620								

Discretely Presented Component Units

			Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More Than 10			
Time Certificates of Deposit	\$ <u>1,513,816</u>	\$ <u>1,506,733</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,506,733</u>	\$	\$			
Total Component Units	\$ 1,513,816	\$ 1,506,733	\$ -	\$1,506,733	\$	\$			

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value changes arising from fluctuations in interest rates, the Authority attempts to ladder the maturities of its investments so that at least 15-20% of its investments mature or come due each year. The Authority typically buys and holds its investments until maturity or until called. Any exceptions to this policy will be based on recommendations of the Chief Executive Officer to the members of the Investment Committee.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

Credit Risk. The Authority limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of December 31, 2011, the Authority held no investments in commercial paper or corporate bonds.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Neither the Authority nor the discretely presented component units have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2011, none of the Authority's bank balance of \$5,862,331 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was fully insured.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the investments in Time Certificates of Deposits of \$8,227,735 the government had no custodial credit risk exposure as of December 31, 2011.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments are included in the accompanying Balance Sheet at fair value under the following captions:

Primary	Component	Total Reporting
Government	Units	<u>Entity</u>
\$ 5,857,380	\$ 6,426,202	\$ 12,283,582
1,089,292	-	1,089,292
7,348,002	1,506,733	8,854,735
8,765,326		8,765,326
\$ 23,060,000	\$ 7,932,935	\$ 30,992,935
	Government \$ 5,857,380 1,089,292 7,348,002 8,765,326	Government Units \$ 5,857,380 \$ 6,426,202 1,089,292 - 7,348,002 1,506,733

There were no marketable securities held by the component units at December 31, 2011.

As of December 31, 2011, the Authority had the following unfunded investment commitment:

The Authority has invested \$810,000 of a \$1,000,000 commitment for a limited partnership interest in Louisiana Fund I, L.P. The remaining commitment of \$190,000 will be paid according to the terms of the limited partnership agreement and will be funded with available cash or future revenues of the Authority.

Note 3 - Leases -

The Authority leases its office facilities under an operating lease agreement, which expires on March 31, 2016. This lease was renewed on March 31, 2009 for an additional seven years. Rental expense applicable to the Authority's offices included in rent expense for 2011 was \$179,326.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

December 31, 2012	\$	168,338
December 31, 2013		178,171
December 31, 2014		172,164
December 31, 2015		175,027
December 31, 2016	_	43,996
	\$	737,696

Note 4 - Employee Retirement Plan -

The Authority sponsors a defined contribution employee retirement plan which covers all employees who have over 500 hours of service with the Authority. Contributions to the plan are subject to a minimum funding requirement of 7.50% of eligible employee salaries. Amounts above the minimum requirements are discretionary, as determined by the Board of Trustees. The contribution percentage for the year ended December 31, 2011 was 11.2%. Total contributions are included in Employees' Salaries and Benefits in the accompanying financial statements. The Authority has no additional liability upon the retirement of an employee. The total contribution for the year ended December 31, 2011, was \$107,797.

Note 5 - Litigation -

Because of the Authority's status as an issuer of bonds, it is routinely named in various litigation related to the funded projects and programs. In the opinion of management and legal counsel for the Authority, these claims are without merit because of the Authority's limited position as only a conduit for the bond issues.

Note 6 - Fair Value of Reimbursable Bond Issuance Costs, Local Government Bond Bank Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and Loans to Nonprofit Organizations -

The Authority established its "Bond Bank" and "Rural Development" Programs whereby it can lower the cost of local governmental borrowings by making direct loans for a portion of the borrowing at a 0% interest rate. In addition, the Authority has loaned certain nonprofit organizations funds at 0% interest so that these organizations could secure additional funding from other sources.

The fair value for these Local Government Bond Bank Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and Loans to Nonprofit Organizations are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, with interest rates similar to the rate of return that the Authority receives on its investments which was 2.980% for the year ended December 31, 2011. The terms used in calculating the discounted cash flows are estimated based upon the maturity dates of the bond issues in which monies were advanced for the Reimbursable Bond Issuance Costs and the actual loan maturity dates for the Local Bond Bank

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and the Loans to Nonprofit Organizations. The carrying value and estimated fair value of Reimbursable Bond Issuance Costs, Local Government Bond Bank Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and Loans to Nonprofit Organizations are as follows:

	Carrying Value	Unamortized Discount	Fair Value
Local Government Bond Bank Receivables	\$ 1,296,000	\$ 70,662	\$ 1,225,338
Rural Development Loan Program Receivables	\$ 2,160,000	\$ 15,836	\$ 2,144,164
Loans to Nonprofit Organizations	\$ 1,687,984	\$ 117,456	\$ 1,570,528

The total amount of discount amortized and netted with interest income for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$174,433.

Note 7 - Capital Assets -

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
		January 1,						December 31,
	_	2011	_	Additions	_	Disposals	_	2011
Office Furniture and								
Equipment	\$	559,639	\$	22,445	\$	-	\$	582,084
Leasehold Improvements	-	9,877	_	-	-	-		9,877
Total		569,516		22,445		-		591,961
Less Accumulated Deprec	iati	on:						
Office Furniture and								
Equipment		504,097		20,388		-		524,485
Leasehold Improvements		9,877		-		-		9,877
Total Accumulated	-		_		-			
Depreciation	-	513,974	_	20,388	_	-		534,362
Net Capital Assets	\$_	55,542	\$_	2,057	\$_	-	\$	57,599

Total depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2011 is \$20,388.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2011

Note 8 - Changes in Amounts Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt -

The change in amounts invested in capital assets net of related debt can be summarized as follows:

Balance at January 1, 2011	\$ 55,542
Change in Capital Assets	 2,057
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 57,599

Note 9 - Compensated Absences -

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. Vacation and sick leave is paid to the employees upon termination. Employees have the option to receive payment of unused vacation and sick leave in December or can choose to use the accumulated vacation and sick leave in the future. The liability for unused compensated absences is \$15,557 and is reflected in these financial statements in the Accounts Payable balance.

Note 10 - Restated Net Assets -

A new component unit was required to be reported by the LPFA as of December 31, 2011. See note 1A above for a description of the LPFA Super Top Trust Loan Program. The following adjustment is required to the beginning of the year net assets due to this new component unit:

	Beg	Net Assets - Beginning of Year As Previously Reported		Amendment of Student Loan Trust Agreement		Net Assets - ginning of Year As Restated
Louisiana Public Facilities Authority	\$	26,852,525	\$	-	\$	26,852,525
Component Units						
Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation		10,781		-		10,781
Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation		13,996		-		13,996
LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation		171,000		-		171,000
LPFA SuperTop Loan Program		-		8,941,685		8,941,685
Total Component Units		195,777		8,941,685		9,137,462
Total	\$	27,048,302	\$	8,941,685	\$	35,989,987