The Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (the "LPFA") is a public trust and public corporation operating solely on self-generated revenues. The LPFA complies with state laws regarding public records, public contracts, open meetings, public bids, the Bond Validation Procedures Law and the State Code of Ethics. Annual independent financial audits of the LPFA are submitted to the State Legislative Auditor and performed by independent auditors selected by the State Legislative Auditor. The annual operating budget of the LPFA is subject to review and approval by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. The LPFA's new-money bond issues must be reviewed and approved twice in open public meeting of the LPFA Board of Trustees, once for preliminary approval and again for final approval. Further, each new-money bond issue must be reviewed and approved twice--for preliminary and final approval--by the State Bond Commission. All bond-issuance fees in connection with LPFA bond issues are subject to the review and approval of the State Bond Commission or the Louisiana Attorney General.

Louisiana Public Facilities Authority 2237 South Acadian Thruway Suite 650 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808 (225) 923-0020 (800) 228-4755 www.lpfa.com www.lela.org LOUISIANA PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY REPORT ON AUDIT OF THE COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

CONTENTS

	Exhibit	Schedule	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	-	-	1 - 2
Financial Statements:			
Management's Discussions and Analysis			3 - 8
Balance Sheet	А	-	9
Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in			
Net Assets	В	-	10
Statement of Cash Flows	С	-	11 - 12
Discretely Presented Component Units:			
Combining Balance Sheets - All Discretely Presented			
Component Units	D	-	13
Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenses and			
Changes in Net Assets - All Discretely Presented			
Component Units	E	-	14
Combining Statements of Cash Flows - All			
Discretely Presented Component Units	F	-	15
Notes to Financial Statements	-	-	16 - 26



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April 19, 2010

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Louisiana Public Facilities Authority Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (A Public Trust), a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, as listed in the foregoing table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of management of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

In addition, Hannis T. Bourgeois, LLP, acting separately, audited the financial statements of the component units discretely presented in the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority's financial statements. The component units audited by us separately, account for 100% of the assets of the component units column on the Balance Sheet.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority, as of December 31, 2009, and changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 8 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis J. Bourgeois, LAP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

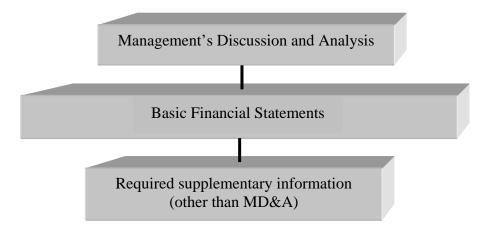
The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority's activities and financial performance provides the reader with an introduction and overview to the financial statements of the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (Authority) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the information contained in the financial statements that follow this section.

Following this MD&A are the basic financial statements of the Authority together with the notes thereto which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, these financial statements also present certain required supplementary information about the Authority.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority's total assets increased by \$1,083,857 or approximately 4.28%. Likewise, total net assets increased by \$1,340,359 or approximately 5.37%.
- Total cash and investments at December 31, 2009 represent approximately 81.20% of the Authority's total assets.
- Operating revenues increased over the prior year primarily because of an increase in program investment earnings.
- Operating expenses decreased over the prior year primarily because of general cost cutting measures implemented by the Authority as well as a decrease in grant and technical assistance expenses.
- Non-operating revenues decreased from the prior year due to unrealized losses in value on the Authority's investments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



The preceding graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for Special Purpose Governments Engaged in Business-Type Activities established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments</u>.

These financial statements consist of three sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis; the basic financial statements; and the required supplementary information. The basic financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The Authority's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Authority is structured as a single enterprise fund with revenues recognized when earned, not when received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Capital assets are capitalized and (except land) are depreciated over their useful lives. See the notes to the financial statements for a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies.

The financial statements of the Authority report information about the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities. The Balance Sheet includes all of the Authority's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Authority creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the Authority, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority was profitable and its credit worthiness. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method, and includes the reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities (indirect method) as required by GASB 34.

	2008	2009	
Current and Other Noncurrent Assets	\$ 25,265,215	\$ 26,348,392	
Net Capital	45,952	46,632	
Total	\$ 25,311,167	\$ 26,395,024	
Current Liabilities	\$ 370,100	\$ 113,598	
Total Liabilities	\$ 370,100	\$ 113,598	
Net			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	\$ 45,952	\$ 46,632	
Unrestricte	24,895,115	26,234,794	
Total Net Assets	\$ 24,941,067	\$ 26,281,426	

The following is a condensed Balance Sheet at December 31, 2008 and 2009:

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is "Is the Authority as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Balance Sheet, and the Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets report information about the Authority's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net assets of the Authority and changes in them. You can think of the Authority's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities-as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions and new or changed government legislation, both state and federal.

The following is a condensed statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009:

		2008		2009
Operating revenues	\$	2,565,058	\$	3,269,202
Operating expenses	_	(2,602,739)	_	(2,326,169)
Operating income (loss)		(37,681)		943,033
Non-operating revenues (expenses)) _	1,007,215	_	397,326
Net increase in net assets	\$_	969,534	\$_	1,340,359

As detailed in the above summary, the Authority's net assets increased by \$1,340,359 in fiscal year 2009. This continues the Authority's history of having net income every year since 1994, the first full year after the formation by the Board of Trustees of the Development Committee.

One of the highest priorities of the Board of Trustees and management of the Authority is the preservation of the Authority's assets. Another priority is utilizing these assets for the betterment of the citizens of Louisiana while at the same time preserving the assets for future use by the Authority. With this in mind, the Authority has developed programs where it makes direct loans, primarily to small local governments, at a zero percent interest rate to help buy down the cost of financing for the borrower. Under this philosophy, the Authority restricts the amount of grants it makes and instead focuses on loans where the capital is returned to the Authority in a reasonable amount of time.

There was a large increase in operating revenues from fiscal year 2008. The increase in operating revenues resulted primarily from a \$728,116 decrease in Finance Acceptance Fees and an increase of \$1,612,259 in Program Investment Earnings. Program Investment Earnings represent residual funds from completed program bond financings. These funds are released to the Authority after all of the bonds and other expenses related to the financed program have been paid. The Authority did not receive any Program Investment Earnings in fiscal year 2008.

The decrease in Operating Expenses was due in large part to general cost cutting measures implemented by the Authority and a \$116,000 decrease in grant and technical assistance expenses.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

As of December 31, 2009, the Authority had \$540,917 invested in capital assets consisting mainly of office furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease of \$2,752 over last year.

Debt:

The Authority had no outstanding debt as of December 31, 2009.

VARIATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL AND FINAL BUDGET

The Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget approves the annual operating budget of the Authority.

The following is a summary of the budget adopted by the Authority's Board of Trustees and approved by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2009, compared to the actual operating results for said fiscal year.

		Budget		Actual	_	Difference
Operating revenues	\$	2,470,000	\$	3,269,202	\$	799,202
Operating expenses	_	(3,269,060)	_	(2,326,169)	_	942,891
Operating Income or (Loss)		(799,060)		943,033		1,742,093
Non-operating revenues	_	500,000	_	397,326	_	(102,674)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	(299,060)	\$_	1,340,359	\$	1,639,419

The 2009 budget also authorizes the purchase of \$59,400 in capital assets for the Authority. The cost of these capital assets will be capitalized and written off over the estimated useful life of the assets through depreciation expenses.

Operating Revenues were more than the budgeted amount due to the receipt of \$1,612,259 of program investment earnings. A decrease in the amount of bonds issued resulted in our financing acceptance fees collected being below the budgeted amount. Program administrative fees in connection with our student loan program were less than budgeted because the Authority billed the student loan program only for an amount necessary to cover the student loan related costs incurred by the Authority.

Operating Expenses were less than expected because of staff vacancies at the Authority and general cost saving measures used by the Authority.

Non-operating revenues were approximately equal to the amount budgeted. The Authority does not budget for gains or losses on the value of investments due to the uncertain nature of market conditions that determine such gains or losses.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Authority submits a budget at the beginning of each year for approval by the Authority's Board of Trustees and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. The following is a summary of the budget adopted by the Authority's Board of Trustees and approved by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2010.

Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 2,470,000 (2,645,610)
Operating Loss	(175,610)
Non-operating revenues	500,000
Net increase in net assets	\$ 324,390

The 2010 budget also authorizes the purchase of \$29,400 in capital assets for the Authority. The cost of these capital assets will be capitalized and written off over the estimated useful life of the assets through depreciation expenses.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of Louisiana with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Authority at 2237 South Acadian Thruway, Suite 650, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808, or visit the Authority's web site at www.lpfa.com.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

		Primary vernment		Component Units	Total Reporting Entity
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5	5,467,478	\$	160,365	\$ 5,627,843
Interest Bearing Deposits	1	,207,931		-	1,207,931
Investment Securities		368,484		-	368,484
Receivables:					
Advance Costs-Projects		19,299		-	19,299
Financing Application Fees		500		-	500
Project Financing Fees		1,000		-	1,000
Annual Issuer Fees		51,585		-	51,585
Accrued Interest and Dividend Receivable		110,697		-	110,697
Local Government Bond Bank		645,950		-	645,950
Rural Development Loan Program	1	,102,125		-	1,102,125
Other		820		-	820
Mortgage Loans Receivable		-		59,696	 59,696
	8	8,975,869		220,061	9,195,930
Prepaid Expenses		9,822		-	 9,822
Total Current Assets	8	8,985,691		220,061	9,205,752
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Office Furniture and Equipment		531,040		-	531,040
Leasehold Improvements		9,877		-	9,877
-		540,917		_	 540,917
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(494,285)	<u> </u>	-	 (494,285)
Net Capital Assets		46,632		-	46,632
Other Assets:					
Interest Bearing Deposits - Long-Term	6	5,739,010		-	6,739,010
Investment Securities - Long-Term	7	,650,757		-	7,650,757
Receivables - Long-Term:					
Local Government Bond Bank	1	,284,950		-	1,284,950
Loans to Nonprofit Organizations	1	,687,984		-	1,687,984
Mortgage Loans Receivable - Long Term		-		3,647,472	3,647,472
Total Other Assets	17	,362,701		3,647,472	 21,010,173
Total Noncurrent Assets		,409,333		3,647,472	 21,056,805
Total Assets		5,395,024	\$	3,867,533	\$ 30,262,557

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	_	Primary Government	Component Units	Total Reporting Entity
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	113,598 \$	7	\$ 113,605
Mortgage Loans Payable	_	<u> </u>	59,696	59,696
Total Current Liabilities		113,598	59,703	173,301

Long-Term Liabilities: Mortgage Loans Payable		3,647,472	3,647,472
Total Long-Term Liabilities		3,647,472	3,647,472
Total Liabilities	113,598	3,707,175	3,820,773
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	46,632 26,234,794	- 160,358	46,632 26,395,152
Total Net Assets	26,281,426	160,358	26,441,784
Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$	26,395,024 \$	3,867,533 \$	30,262,557

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Primary Government	Component Units	Total Reporting Entity	
Operating Revenues:				
e	\$ 1,612,259 \$	- \$	1,612,259	
Project and Program Administrative Fees:				
Finance Acceptance Fees	232,878	-	232,878	
Multi-Family Annual Issuer Fees	118,659	-	118,659	
Program Administrative Fees	1,299,725	-	1,299,725	
Financing Application Fees	5,000	-	5,000	
Other Income	681	-	681	
Interest - Mortgage Loans	-	294,157	294,157	
Net Sales of Mortgages Receivable	-	57,039	57,039	
Total Operating Revenues	3,269,202	351,196	3,620,398	
Operating Expenses:				
Administrative Services	81,860	-	81,860	
Business Promotion and Economic Development	53,884	-	53,884	
Depreciation	24,765	-	24,765	
Employees' Salaries and Benefits	1,343,227	-	1,343,227	
Grant Expense	257,500	-	257,500	
Insurance	30,176	-	30,176	
Interest - Mortgage Loans	-	294,157	294,157	
Legal and Accounting Services	57,925	990	58,915	
Office Expense	102,077	-	102,077	
Other	70,802	16,729	87,531	
Printing, Publications, Dues and Subscriptions	73,996	-	73,996	
Rent	172,907	-	172,907	
Repairs on Mortgaged Properties Prior to Sale	-	97,841	97,841	
Travel	43,450	-	43,450	
Trustee Per Diems	13,600		13,600	
Total Operating Expenses	2,326,169	409,717	2,735,886	
Operating Income (Loss)	943,033	(58,521)	884,512	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest Income, Net	688,164	-	688,164	
Realized and Unrealized Gains and (Losses) on				
Investments	(290,838)		(290,838)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues	397,326		397,326	
Change in Net Assets	1,340,359	(58,521)	1,281,838	
Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year	24,941,067	218,879	25,159,946	
Total Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 26,281,426 \$	160,358 \$	26,441,784	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	_	Primary Government	Component Units	Total Reporting Entity
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Received from Sale of Mortgaged Loans Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and	\$	4,134,187 \$	294,157 \$ 57,039	4,428,344 57,039
Services Cash Payments to Employees for Services Other Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	(768,294) (1,343,227) (444,007)	(311,830) - (111,148)	(1,080,124) (1,343,227) (555,155)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		1,578,659	(71,782)	1,506,877
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: Principal Collections on Mortgage Loans Principal Repayment on Mortgage Loans Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital	_	-	1,459,257 (1,459,257)	1,459,257 (1,459,257)
Financing Activities		-	-	-
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Purchase of Property and Equipment	-	(25,445)	-	(25,445)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(25,445)	-	(25,445)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Purchase of Interest Bearing Deposits and Investment Securities Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Interest Bearing Deposits and Investment		(7,351,329)	-	(7,351,329)
Securities		6,826,637	_	6,826,637
Loss on Sale of Investments		(2,651)	-	(2,651)
Interest on Investments, Interest Bearing Deposits and Cash Equivalents	_	688,164	-	688,164
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	160,821	-	160,821
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,714,035	(71,782)	1,642,253
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	3,753,443	232,147	3,985,590
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	5,467,478 \$	160,365 \$	5,627,843

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Primary Government		Component Units		Total Reporting Entity
	-	Oovernment		Units	-	Entity
Reconciliation of Operating Income to						
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating						
Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	943,033	\$	(58,521)	\$	884,512
Adjustments to Reconcile Income (Loss) from Operations						
to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		24,765		-		24,765
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		864,985		-		864,985
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		2,378		-		2,378
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	_	(256,502)		(13,261)	_	(269,763)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)						
Operating Activities	\$	1,578,659	\$	(71,782)	\$	1,506,877
	-				-	
Schedule of Noncash Financial and Investing						
Activities:						
Amortization of Discounts on Receivables Based						
on Imputed Interest Rate of 3.537%; Netted						
with Interest Income	\$_	179,394	\$	-	\$_	179,394
					_ _	
Unrealized Gains and (Losses) on Investments	\$_	(288,187)	\$		\$_	(288,187)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS

ALL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

		Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation	Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation	LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation	Totals
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	11,298 \$	14,519 \$	134,548 \$	160,365
Mortgage Loans Receivable		-		59,696	59,696
Total Current Assets		11,298	14,519	194,244	220,061
Noncurrent Assets:					
Mortgage Loans Receivable - Long Term			<u> </u>	3,647,472	3,647,472
Total Noncurrent Assets		-		3,647,472	3,647,472
Total Assets	\$	11,298 \$	14,519 \$	3,841,716 \$	3,867,533
<u>LIAB</u> Current Liabilities:	<u>[LI</u>	TIES AND NET	<u>F ASSETS</u>		
Grants Payable	\$	- \$	- \$	7 \$	7
Mortgage Loans Payable				59,696	59,696
Total Current Liabilities		-	-	59,703	59,703
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Mortgage Loans Payable				3,647,472	3,647,472
Total Long-Term Liabilities		-		3,647,472	3,647,472
Total Liabilities		-	-	3,707,175	3,707,175
Net Assets:					
Unrestricted		11,298	14,519	134,541	160,358
Total Net Assets		11,298	14,519	134,541	160,358
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	11,298 \$	14,519 \$	3,841,716 \$	3,867,533

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

ALL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation	Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation	LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation	Totals
Operating Revenues:				
Interest - Mortgage Loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 294,157	\$ 294,157
Net Sales of Mortgages Receivable			57,039	57,039
Total Operating Revenues	-	-	351,196	351,196
Operating Expenses:				
Interest - Mortgage Loans	-	-	294,157	294,157
Legal and Accounting Services	495	495	-	990
Other	18	28	16,683	16,729
Repairs on Mortgaged Properties Prior to Sal	e		97,841	97,841
Total Operating Expenses	513	523	408,681	409,717
Change in Net Assets	(513)	(523)	(57,485)	(58,521)
Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year	11,811	15,042	192,026	218,879
Total Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 11,298	\$ 14,519	\$ 134,541	\$ 160,358

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

ALL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation	Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation	LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Received from Sales of Mortgaged Loans	\$	- \$	- \$ -	294,157 \$ 57,039	294,157 57,039
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Other Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(495) (18)	(495) (28)	(310,840) (111,102)	(311,830) (111,148)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	•	(513)	(523)	(70,746)	(71,782)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:					
Principal Collections on Mortgage Loans Principal Repayment on Mortgage Loans	-	-	-	1,459,257 (1,459,257)	1,459,257 (1,459,257)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-Capit Financing Activities	tal	-	-		-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(513)	(523)	(70,746)	(71,782)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Yea	r	11,811	15,042	205,294	232,147
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	11,298 \$	14,519 \$	134,548 \$	160,365
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	\$	(513) \$	(523) \$	(57,485) \$	(58,521)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease in Accounts Payable			-	(13,261)	(13,261)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)					
Operating Activities	\$	(513) \$	(523) \$	(70,746) \$	(71,782)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Note 1 - General Information and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

The Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (the Authority), a public trust, was created on August 21, 1974 by the Public Facilities Corporation, a Louisiana corporation, as settler under an Indenture of Trust in accordance with the provisions of the Louisiana Public Trust Act R.S. 9:2341 et seq. The Authority operates under a Board of Trustees.

The purposes of the Authority are to promote, encourage and further the accomplishment of all activities which are or may become of benefit to the State of Louisiana and which have a public purpose. To accomplish these purposes, the Authority issues bonds that provide the proceeds for the furtherance and accomplishment of various public purposes. The issuance of such obligations has been accounted for through trustee accounts maintained with various banks appointed as trustees. The obligations are limited and special obligations of the Authority and, as such, the Authority does not normally have any claims to assets or liabilities relating to the Bond issues. Accordingly, such transactions are not included in the accompanying financial statements until such time as an asset or liability has been determined to exist relating to residual amounts. Total bond principal outstanding at December 31, 2009, for Programs and Projects was approximately \$973,735,000 and \$5,496,920,000 respectively.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Scope of Reporting Entity</u>

For reporting purposes, the State of Louisiana is the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (state), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Louisiana Public Facilities Authority is considered a component unit of the State of Louisiana because the state has financial accountability over the Authority in that the Louisiana Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget has the authority to approve and amend the Authority's budget and the governor appoints all the Board of Trustees and can impose his/her will on the Authority. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority and do not present information on the state, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

In addition, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Authority for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the Authority to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Authority.
- 2. Organizations for which the Authority does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Authority.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the Authority's management has included the following discretely presented component units in the financial reporting entity:

- The Louisiana Capital Funding Corporation (LCFC) is a nonprofit Louisiana Corporation that was organized to promote, support, aid and assist the Authority's Local Government Capital Funding Program. The LCFC has a December 31, 2009 year-end.
- The Louisiana Equipment Finance Corporation (LEFC) is a nonprofit Louisiana Corporation that was organized to promote, support, aid and assist with the Authority's programs. The LEFC has a January 31, 2010 fiscal year end.
- The Louisiana Municipal Assistance Corporation (LMAC) is a nonprofit Louisiana Corporation that was organized to provide assistance to local governments with the Authority's programs. At December 31, 2009, the LMAC had no assets or liabilities.
- In March 2003, the Authority created the LPFA Housing Assistance Corporation (LHAC) for the purpose of assisting persons of low to moderate income with the purchase of homes through a lease-purchase program. LHAC has a December 31, 2009 year end. The Authority issued its LPFA Variable Rate Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, to fund this lease-purchase program. Under the program, a participant (the Participant) works with the independent program administrators and a financial institution to become qualified to participate in the program. Once the participant has been approved by a financial institution, the Participant then identifies a house for purchase. LHAC then purchases the house identified by the Participant and leases the house to the Participant. LHAC pays the purchase price of the house by signing a mortgage (the Mortgage) in an amount equal to approximately 97% of the purchase price is paid from the proceeds of the Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds as part of the down payment and closing costs assistance provided to the Participant by the program. The lease terms are 39 months and the Participant assumes the Mortgage at the expiration of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

lease. The approximately 3% of the purchase price paid from the proceeds of the Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds is treated as a grant from the Lease Purchase Revenue Bonds to LHAC and then a grant by LHAC to the Participant. The mortgage loan receivable and related payments are recorded on the balance sheet of the component unit financial statement. In effect, LHAC is merely a conduit in assisting individuals purchase their personal residences and therefore mortgage loans receivable will equal mortgage loans payable. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the LHAC generated a net loss as a result of the cost of repairs and maintenance on properties held exceeding the net gains from selling homes at fair market value where the participant decided to not continue in the program or converted the financing from a lease to a mortgage loan.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus - On January 1, 2001, the Authority adopted the provisions of Statement No. 34 ("Statement 34") of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "*Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.*"

Statement 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities which includes a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues and expenses and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows.

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting - The Authority uses the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred or economic asset used.

Under the provisions of GASB Statement 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Fund Accounting," the Authority follows pronouncements of the GASB and has elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The LCFC, LEFC, and the LHAC are required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets as applicable. As of December 31, 2009, there were no temporary or permanently restricted net assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

The financial statements of the LCFC, LEFC, and LHAC have been prepared on the accrual basis in which revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Authority uses the following budgetary practices:

The Authority prepared its annual operating budget based on what was expected to be collected during the fiscal year. Management presents the budget to the Board of Trustees for approval prior to the budget being submitted to the Louisiana Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. In addition, certain expenses were approved as necessary by the Board of Trustees before payment. Any budget amendments necessary during the year must be approved by the Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget.

The Authority is not required to present a budget comparison in its financial statements.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

<u>Cash, Interest Bearing Deposits, and Investments</u> - Cash includes demand deposits and money market deposits in trust accounts. Interest bearing deposits include certificates of deposits. Investments and Interest Bearing Deposits are reported at fair value or at book value if fair value is not readily determinable as determined by the Authority's management. Fair value generally is considered to be the amount which the Authority might reasonably expect to receive for its investments if negotiations for sale were entered into on the valuation date. Valuation as of any particular date, however, is not necessarily indicative of the amount which the Authority ultimately may realize as a result of a future sale or other disposition of the investments.

In preparing the financial statements, the Authority's management is required to make significant judgments that affect the reported amounts of certain investments as of the date of the balance sheet and the change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the period. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, these estimated values may differ significantly from the value that would have been used had a ready market for these investments existed and these differences could be material.

The process of valuing certain investments requires significant judgments that are particularly susceptible to change. The Authority's management believes that investment values are appropriate. While the Authority's management uses available information to recognize declines in investment values, future adjustments may be necessary based on changes in economic conditions or changes in the results of the operations of investee company. Fluctuations in the fair value of Investments and Interest Bearing Deposits are recorded as realized and unrealized gains (losses) in the statement of revenues and expenses and changes in net assets. The Authority has one equity investment in Louisiana Fund I, L.P. which is reported at fair

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

value. Subsequent adjustments to values will reflect meaningful third-party transactions in the private market or at fair market value reflecting, in any event, the investment's marketability, the business and prospects of the issuer of the investment and other relevant factors.

<u>Receivables</u> - Receivables are stated at their face value less the allowances for doubtful accounts. These allowances are based on the Authority's periodic evaluation of the receivable portfolio and the Authority's past loss experience. The allowances for doubtful accounts are adjusted by charges to income and decreased by charge-offs (net of recoveries).

The Authority from time to time advances funds to certain bond programs and loans funds to local governmental entities and nonprofit organizations at no interest. Accordingly, a discount is recorded between the present values of the total eventual repayments of the notes, using a rate of interest similar to the rate of return that the Authority receives on its investments. The discounts are amortized over the estimated periods that such funds will be repaid and are included in interest income, net in the financial statements. The majority of the receivables consist of the loans to local government entities and nonprofit organizations at no interest.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Depreciation of all capital assets used by the Authority is charged as an expense against its operations. Depreciation has been provided over the assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Office Furniture and Equipment	3 - 7 Years
Leasehold Improvements	10 Years

All fixed assets are stated at historical costs.

Equity Classifications - Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in two components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt This component of net assets consist of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds.
- Unrestricted net assets This component of net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

E. **Operating Revenues**

Program Investment Earnings - Program Investment Earnings consist primarily of residual funds of retired program bond issues. Residual proceeds represent cash and investment balances of a program bond issue that remain after the extinguishment of all obligations, including applicable arbitrage rebate to the federal government. The residuals are due to the Authority unless the issue's Indenture of Trust identifies another recipient. The residual funds are recognized as income to the Authority upon the termination of the issue's Indenture of Trust.

Project and Program Administrative Fees:

Finance Acceptance Fee - The Authority requires a financing acceptance fee usually equal to one-twentieth of one percent of the face amount of issued bonds less the financing application fee. The financing acceptance fee covers general administration expenses incurred by the Authority. This fee is due upon the closing of a bond issue and is recorded as revenue at such time.

<u>Multi-Family Annual Issuer Fees</u> - The Authority assesses an annual issuer fee on all multi-family bond issues. The fee is based upon a percentage of the outstanding bond principal balance as of January 1 of each year. The percentage usually is either one-twentieth of one percent for pre-1985 issues or one-tenth of one percent for issues thereafter. The fee covers general administration expenses incurred by the Authority.

Program Administrative Fees - The Authority acts as both the issuer and administrator for certain student loan and single family housing bond programs. The Authority is compensated as administrator through a fee usually based upon a percentage of either the outstanding bonds or assets of the program. The percentages vary from one-tenth of one percent to seven-tenths of one percent. The fee is assessed to cover program administrative costs incurred by the Authority.

<u>Financing Application Fee</u> - The Authority assesses a non-refundable financing application fee of \$500 on all project-financing applications formally submitted for consideration by the Authority's Board of Trustees.

F. Income Taxes

No provision is made for income taxes because, as a public trust whose beneficiary is the State of Louisiana, the Authority is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

G. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

H. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments -

The Authority maintains cash, certificates of deposit and investment pools available for use by the Authority.

			Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	Amortized	Fair	Less			More	
Investment Type	Cost	Value	Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	<u>Than 10</u>	
U.S. Agencies	\$ 7,245,074	\$7,208,006	\$ 368,484	\$2,976,754	\$1,127,002	\$2,735,766	
Municipal Governme	ent						
Bonds	257,000	261,885	-	261,885	-	-	
Time Certificates							
of Deposit	7,713,530	7,946,941	1,207,931	6,449,914	289,096		
	15,215,604	15,416,832	\$ 1,576,415	\$ 9,688,553	\$ 1,416,098	\$2,735,766	
Equity Investment	710,000	549,350					
Total	\$15,925,604	\$15,966,182					

As of December 31, 2009, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value changes arising from fluctuations in interest rates, the Authority attempts to ladder the maturities of its investments so that at least 15-20% of its investments mature or come due each year. The Authority typically buys and holds its investments until maturity or until called. Any exceptions to this policy will be based on recommendations of the Chief Executive Officer to the members of the Investment Committee.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Credit Risk. The Authority limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of December 31, 2009, the Authority held no investments in commercial paper or corporate bonds.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Neither the Authority nor the discretely presented component units have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2009, none of the Authority's bank balance of \$5,679,065 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was fully insured.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the investments in Time Certificates of Deposits of \$7,709,978 the government had no custodial credit risk exposure as of December 31, 2009.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments are included in the accompanying Balance Sheet at fair value under the following captions:

	Primary	Component	Total Reporting
	Government	Units	Entity
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,467,478	\$ 160,365	\$ 5,627,843
Interest Bearing Deposits - Current	1,207,931	-	1,207,931
Investment Securities - Current	368,484	-	368,484
Interest Bearing Deposits - Long-Term	6,739,010	-	6,739,010
Investment Securities - Long-Term	7,650,757	-	7,650,757
	\$ 21,433,660	\$ 160,365	\$ 21,594,025

There were no marketable securities held by the component units at December 31, 2009.

As of December 31, 2009, the Authority had the following unfunded investment commitment:

The Authority has invested \$710,000 of a \$1,000,000 commitment for a limited partnership interest in Louisiana Fund I, L.P. The remaining commitment of \$290,000 will be paid according to the terms of the limited partnership agreement and will be funded with available cash or future revenues of the Authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Note 3 - Leases -

The Authority leases its office facilities under an operating lease agreement, which expires on March 31, 2016. This lease was renewed on March 31, 2009 for an additional seven years. Rental expense applicable to the Authority's offices included in rent expense for 2009 was \$172,907.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

December 31, 2010	\$	163,556
December 31, 2011		174,192
December 31, 2012		168,338
December 31, 2013		178,171
December 31, 2014		172,164
December 31, 2015 and thereafter	_	219,023
	\$1	,075,444

Note 4 - Employee Retirement Plan -

The Authority sponsors a defined contribution employee retirement plan which covers all employees who have over 500 hours of service with the Authority. Contributions to the plan are subject to a minimum funding requirement of 7.50% of eligible employee salaries. Amounts above the minimum requirements are discretionary, as determined by the Board of Trustees. The contribution percentage for the year ended December 31, 2009 was 11.2%. Total contributions are included in Employees' Salaries and Benefits in the accompanying financial statements. The Authority has no additional liability upon the retirement of an employee. The total contribution for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$119,669.

Note 5 - Litigation -

Because of the Authority's status as an issuer of bonds, it is routinely named in various litigation related to the funded projects and programs. In the opinion of management and legal counsel for the Authority, these claims are without merit because of the Authority's limited position as only a conduit for the bond issues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Note 6 - Fair Value of Reimbursable Bond Issuance Costs, Local Government Bond Bank Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and Loans to Nonprofit Organizations -

The Authority established its "Bond Bank" and "Rural Development" Programs whereby it can lower the cost of local governmental borrowings by making direct loans for a portion of the borrowing at a 0% interest rate. In addition, the Authority has loaned certain nonprofit organizations funds at 0% interest so that these organizations could secure additional funding from other sources.

The fair value for these Local Government Bond Bank Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and Loans to Nonprofit Organizations are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, with interest rates similar to the rate of return that the Authority receives on its investments which was 3.537% for the year ended December 31, 2009. The terms used in calculating the discounted cash flows are estimated based upon the maturity dates of the bond issues in which monies were advanced for the Reimbursable Bond Issuance Costs and the actual loan maturity dates for the Local Bond Bank Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and the Loans to Nonprofit Organizations. The carrying value and estimated fair value of Reimbursable Bond Issuance Costs, Local Government Bond Bank Receivables, Rural Development Loan Program Receivables, and Loans to Nonprofit Organizations are as follows:

	Carrying Value	Unamortized Discount	Fair Value
Local Government Bond Bank Receivables	\$ 1,930,900	\$ 144,505	\$ 1,786,395
Rural Development Loan Program Receivables	\$ 1,102,125	\$ 12,799	\$ 1,089,326
Loans to Nonprofit Organizations	\$ 1,687,984	\$ 245,831	\$ 1,442,153

The total amount of discount amortized and netted with interest income for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$179,394.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Note 7 - Capital Assets -

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

		Balance January 1, 2009		Additions	Disposals	Balance December 31, 2009
Office Furniture and			-		•	
Equipment	\$	533,792	\$	25,445	\$ (28,197)	\$ 531,040
Leasehold Improvements		9,877	-	-		9,877
Total		543,669		25,445	(28,197)	540,917
Less accumulated deprecia	atic	on:				
Office Furniture and						
Equipment		488,737		23,868	(28,197)	484,408
Leasehold Improvements		8,980		897	-	9,877
Total Accumulated			-			
Depreciation		497,717	-	24,765	(28,197)	494,285
Net Capital Assets	\$	45,952	\$_	680	\$ 	\$ 46,632

Total depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2009 is \$24,765.

Note 8 - Changes in Amounts Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt -

The change in amounts invested in capital assets net of related debt can be summarized as follows:

Balance at January 1, 2009 Change in Capital Assets	\$ 45,952 680
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 46,632

Note 9 - Compensated Absences -

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. Vacation and sick leave is paid to the employees upon termination. Employees have the option to receive payment of unused vacation and sick leave in December or can choose to use the accumulated vacation and sick leave in the future. The liability for unused compensated absences is \$10,093 and is reflected in these financial statements in the Accounts Payable balance.